

### EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name

Heritage protection with monument restoration 1

**Course** 

Field of study Year/Semester

Architecture III/6

Area of study (specialization) Profile of study

general academic

Level of study Course offered in

First-cycle studies Polish/English

Form of study Requirements full-time compulsory

**Number of hours** 

Lecture Laboratory classes Other (e.g. online)

30 30 0

Tutorials Projects/seminars

0 0

**Number of credit points** 

4

**Lecturers** 

Responsible for the course/lecturer: Responsible for the course/lecturer:

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**Faculty of Architecture** 

ul. Jacka Rychlewskiego 2, 61-131 Poznań

#### **Prerequisites**

Basic knowledge of general history from Antiquity to XIX century

# **Course objective**

An introduction to heritage movements with emphasis on significant developments in the modern and postmodern periods. Introduction to the contribution of heritage theory to an understanding of the phenomenon of architecture, of architectural design practice and of the problems that heritage, architecture and urbanism must solve in the early twenty-first century

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## **Course-related learning outcomes**

### Knowledge

B.W1. theory of architecture and urban planning useful for formulating and solving simple tasks in the field of architectural and urban design as well as spatial planning;

B.W2. the history of architecture and urban planning, contemporary architecture, heritage protection to the extent necessary for architectural, urban and planning creativity;

#### Skills

B.U1. integrate knowledge from various areas of science, including history, history of architecture, history of art and protection of cultural goods in solving engineering tasks;

B.U2. recognize the importance of non-technical aspects and effects of an architect's design activity, including its impact on the cultural and natural environment;

## Social competences

B.S1. formulating opinions on the achievements of architecture and town planning, their determinants and other aspects of the architect's activity, as well as providing information and opinions;

B.S2. reliable self-assessment, formulating constructive criticism regarding architectural and urban planning activities.

# Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

On the successful completion of this course, students should be able to:Demonstrate a basic understanding of the key concepts of heriateg and architectural practice. Be able to show they can intelligently and critically apply these concepts to new situations arising from contemporary architectural practice.

Lectures: Written on-line exam, PUT Moodle Platform

An one-choice test. Test will be accessible on eKursy, after loging on into individual account, on the day and at an hour appointed in the system. Test consists of 20 questions. There are 4 possible answers shown by each question. Only one of them is correct. For each correctly answered question there are 5 points to get. Scoring:

- 0 49,99 pkt. = ndst (2,0)
- 50 59,99 pkt. = dst (3,0)
- 60 69,99 pkt. = dst+ (3,5)
- 70 79,99 pkt. = db (4,0)
- 80 89,99 pkt. = db+ (4,5)
- 90 100 pkt. = bdb (5,0)



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# Laboratory classes:

There is carried out during individual correction, which is necessary due to the nature and diversity of design topics. The correction concentrate on individual topic, is carried out in the presence of whole group, what allows students to expand their own design experiences with other experience. Final review at the last classes shows effects of whole semester work. Projects are presented on the large-format boards, which format and the scope of issues being assessed is uniform, enabling the relative assessment – by comparing the works effects in whole design group. The final assessment is issued on the basis of final result (80%) taking account of assessments of partial reviews (20%). Stationary or online meetings.

# Scoring:

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- 90 100 pkt. = bdb (5,0)

#### **Programme content**

#### Lectures:

- 1. What is heritage, definitons. Cultural heritage sites (including archaeological sites, ruins, historic buildings). Historic cities (urban landscapes and their constituent parts as well as ruined cities. Cultural landscapes (including parks, gardens and other 'modified' landscapes such as pastoral lands and farms) Natural sacred sites (places that people revere or hold important but that have no evidence of human modification, for example sacred mountains). Underwater cultural heritage (for example shipwrecks) Museums (including cultural museums, art galleries and house museums) Movable cultural heritage (objects as diverse as paintings, tractors, stone tools and cameras this category covers any form of object that is movable and that is outside of an archaeological context
- 2. UNESCO, World Heritage Sites in Poland. UNESCO, World Heritage Sites in Italy, City of Florence and City of Venice.



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- 3. Heritage and the colective memory. City of Berlin, Garmany . Heritage registers and the 'CANONS'. There is no such thing as "HERITAGE"
- 4. Heritage as popular culture. Henri Lefebvre's concept of a workplace and the creative class. Henri Lefebvre's concept of 'the surplus of art'. the heritage and the creative class. Henri Lefebvre's concept of the materiality of space. Heritage and tourism.
- 5. There is no such thing as heritage. Heritage and control: the authorised heritage discourse. The Venice charter 1964, the rewire of the doctrine according to architecture.
- 6. Heritage and the production of culture. Cultural heritage sites archaeological sites, ruins, historic buildings. The purposes of World Heritage. Form and design. Materials and substance. Use and function. Traditions, techniques and management systems. Location and setting. Language and other forms of intangible heritage. Spirit and feeling.
- 7. Historic cities (urban landscapes and their constituent parts as well as ruined cities, 2002). 1987, ICOMOS, International Charter for the Conservation of Historic Towns and Urban Areas, known as The Washington Charter.
- 8. Cultural landscapes (including parks, gardens and other 'modified' landscapes such as pastoral lands and farms. ICOMOS, historic gardens (the Florence Charter 1981). Palace and Gardens of Schönbrunn. Imperial Palaces of the Ming and Qing Dynasties in Beijing and Shenyang. Palace and Park of Versailles UNESCO list\_1979. Palaces and Parks of Potsdam and Berlin. Alhambra, Generalife and Albayzín, Granada.
- 9. Identification and documentation of Modern Heritage. UNESO World Heritage List: Tugendhat Villa in Brno. Integrity. Authenticity. Protection and management requirements. Authenticity of Modern Heritage. The Nara document on authenticity (1994), ICOMOS. UNESO World Heritage List Centennial Hall in Wrocław.
- 10. Conservation Guidelines for Modernist Architecture. Cinematographic heritage (movies and the ideas they convey. Designing in heritage contexts.
- 11. The Burra Charter (The Australia ICOMOS Charter for Places of Cultural Significance, 1979, 1981, 1999). The specific character of an heritage is shaped by many factors including. Underlying natural landform. Distinctive landscape elements. Date and style of the buildings. Scale and form of the buildings. Street and subdivision patterns. Setbacks of the buildings. Materials, building techniques, and details. Views, vistas, and skylines. Heritage better for community inclusive, connected and diverse. Heritage better for people safe, comfortable and liveable.
- 12. The De-secularisation of Heritage. The Secularisation materiality and spirity . Heritage Cultures and Technology.
- 13. Modern Built Heritage Conservation Policies. Heritage in Poznan.
- 14. The components of Heritage and build environment. The review of the material.



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### Laboratory classes:

- 1. Introduction. Implementation of White Cards of Information of Architecture and Construction Monuments on the basis of performed analyses of preservation of monumental facilities, using the archival studies (archive of Monuments Conservator, state archives, special collections of libraries, private archives and others)
- 2. Analytical part: analyses of existing state of facility with its surrounding, including among others communicational and functional connections with environment (situational and height maps, photographical documentation), environment studies, existing Master Plan, the surface dimension for development, structural system, existing material solutions etc. taking into account the requirements of preservation
- 3. Selection of the best functional and spatial solution
- 4. Presentation of architectural design using the graphics method on the large-format boards, which format and the scope of issues being assessed is uniform

### **Teaching methods**

Series of lectures and laboratory classes in stationary and on-line form

## **Bibliography**

Basic

Chandler A., Pace M., The Production of Heritage. The Politicisation of Architectural Conservation, Routledge 2020

Chanda, B., Chaudhuri, S., Chaudhury, S., Heritage Preservation, Springer 2018

Holtorf C., Högberg A., Cultural Heritage and the Future, Routledge 2020

Kalman H., Létourneau M., Heritage Planning. Principles and Process, Routledge 2020

Plevoets B., Van Cleempoel K. Adaptive Reuse of the Built Heritage: Concepts and Cases of an Emerging Discipline, Routledge 2019

#### Additional

Ashworth G.J. "Conservation as preservation or as Heritage: Two Paradigms and two answers. [in] Designing Cities. Critical readings in urban design, Blackwell Publishing (2003).

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Bandarin F., van Oers R. "Reconnecting the City: The Historic Urban Landscape Approach and the Future of Urban Heritage" Wiley-Blackwell, (2014).



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Carughi U. (ed), "Time Frames: Conservation Policies for Twentieth-Century Architectural Heritage, Routledge (2017)

Curtis W. J R, "Modern Architecture Since 1900", Phaidon, (1994).

De Nardi S. "Memory, Place and Identity", Routledge, (2018)

Fitch J.M. "Historic preservation: Curatorial management of the build world", University of Virginia Press (1990)

Ford L.R. "Continuity and change in historic cities", Geographical Review 68 (1978) p.253-273. Prin

Koeck R. "Cine-scapes: Cinematic Spaces in Architecture and Cities" Routledge (2012).

Lamster, M., "Architecture and Film" Princeton Architectural Press. (2000).

Kadłuczka A., "Hidden architectural heritage and its restitution in contemporary city". LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, (2018).

Longstreth R., Calafate Boyle S. "Cultural Landscapes: Balancing Nature and Heritage in Preservation Practice" The University of Minnesota (2008)

Macdonald S., Cherry B., "Preserving Post-War Heritage: The Care and Conservation of Mid-Twentieth-Century Architecture", Routledge, (2001).

Miłobedzki A, The Polish School of Conservation, Cracow international Cultural Centre, (1995).

## Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	120h	4,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	63h	2,0
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for	57h	2,0
laboratory classes/tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project		
preparation) <sup>1</sup>		

6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> delete or add other activities as appropriate